# COEUR D'ALENE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 271

FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2021

#### Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 June 30, 2021

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#### Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 June 30, 2021

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## FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene. ID 83814

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)**

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2021 on our consideration of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

October 29, 2021

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## FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The management's discussion and analysis of the Coeur d'Alene School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### State Revenue Decreases for 2020-21 Fiscal Year

First reporting period enrollment decreased by 1,016 students during the 2020-21 fiscal year as compared to the same reporting period in 2019-2020. Declining enrollment, together with maintained holdbacks and state cuts resulted in a \$4.38M decrease in state revenues for the general fund compared to prior year. State revenues in the general fund came in \$2.5M below budget during the 2020-21 fiscal year. The variance to budget was due to a larger decrease in enrollment than was expected in the 2020-21 budget process.

#### General Fund Balance Decreases over the 2020-21 Fiscal Year

The School District's ending fund balance decreased by just under \$1.9M in the general fund compared to the prior year. There were a number of factors causing the decrease in fund balance:

- As discussed above, enrollment dropped by 1,016 students, mainly at the elementary level. Enrollment
  drives state revenues and an unexpected drop in enrollment can create a deficit spending situation if
  expenditures cannot be cut in response.
- Due to the unexpected nature of the drop in enrollment, and the uncertainty whether or not the students would return, it was determined by District leadership that expenditures should not be cut in proportion to the drop in enrollment to ensure that a sudden return of students could be accommodated. The District has a legal obligation to accommodate any students residing within District boundaries who wish to enroll at any time of a school year. This legal obligation is not waived if the student was previously disenrolled from the District, so the District must be prepared for an instance where families who suddenly left the District wish to suddenly return.

At the close of the 2020-21 fiscal year, the \$4,496,102 fund balance consists of just over \$3.8M committed to contingency reserve and \$140,000 assigned due to various budget carryover caused by COVID-related factors. The ending unassigned fund balance exceeds the minimum fund balance requirements outlined in board policy 7215.

These fund balances do not reflect the balances of federal COVID relief funds available to the District. Federal COVID relief fund revenues are recorded in the District's financial statements only on a reimbursement basis, so available balances are not reflected on financial statements. This practice is to remain in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards. At year end, the District had roughly \$20M in unspent federal COVID relief funds available for drawdown. The plan for spending these funds has been discussed and approved in public board meetings and is planned over the course of the next three years. These funds are mainly allocated to backfill cuts and enrollment based reductions in state education funding, with line items addressing additional needs caused by learning loss, system-wide staff compensation in a tight labor market, and infrastructure maintenance for technology and HVAC systems.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONCLUDED)

#### Supplemental Property Tax Levy Revenue Represents 26.19% of General Fund Revenues

In the 2020-21 fiscal year, the School District's supplemental property tax levy generated \$20.2M, 26.19% of the total General Fund revenues for the 2020-21 fiscal year. This revenue comes from a 2-year supplemental property tax levy which has been renewed as of March 9th, 2021, for another two years to expire in June 2023. The levy continues to fund competitive salaries districtwide, school police officers and other safety/security support, curriculum, technology, the replacement cycle for our aging bus fleet, classroom supplies, professional development, basic costs for athletic and competitive activities, nursing staff, and elementary enrichment programs like art and music. The levy supports these programs due to insufficient funding from the state. Beyond these programs, Coeur d'Alene is proud to offer teachers a salary and benefits package that remains competitive with school districts across the state. Coeur d'Alene's competitive teacher salaries are funded by the levy.

#### **REVENUE AND RESOURCES**

**Enrollment and Attendance** - A key component in preparing the annual budget is a projection of funding from the state. The majority of this funding is based on a formula which measures average daily attendance (ADA). ADA is converted within the formula to support units, which are key drivers of the state funding formula along with staff experience averages.

The School District's ADA (based on the best 28 weeks of attendance) generated 509 support units for the year, compared to 525 from the 2019-20 fiscal year. Final 2020-21 units came in higher than projected, due to the state formula exceptions that safeguarded the School District from an even lower total. Even though units were higher than projected mid-year, they were significantly lower than budget, as the sharp drop in enrollment was not expected in the spring of 2020 when the 2020-21 budget was set.

The 2020-21 decrease compared to prior year was due to a sustained drop in enrollment caused by COVID, as well as the way the state calculated units during the closure in March of 2020, which inflated units for prior year. School districts received \$22,810 per support unit in 2020-21. This was cut from the 2019-20 amount of \$28,090 per unit, and is still down from the pre-COVID amount of \$28,416 per unit. The budgeted projection for support units for the 2021-22 fiscal year is 495 Best 28 Weeks units.

**State Support –** State support revenue decreased \$4.38M due to cuts in the state formula and an unbudgeted drop in enrollment.

**Bond Interest Stabilization Payment –** In 2020-21, the School District received a bond interest stabilization payment of \$127,355. This revenue helps reduce the burden on the local property taxpayer for bond interest.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **EXPENDITURES**

There were many significant expenditure changes for the 2020-21 fiscal year in the general fund. All are tied to COVID-related cuts, federal COVID relief allocations, and additional unbudgeted costs to respond to COVID:

- The first round of COVID relief funds, ESSER I funds, were allocated to the School District in spring of 2020. The School District budgeted this whole allocation, just under \$1.7M, as a revenue to the general fund to offset state funding cuts and maintain operations at a pre-COVID level. Later, in the fall of 2020, the State Department of Education notified districts that these funds must be accounted for in a special revenue fund and not the general fund. Because the revenues could no longer be allocated to the general fund as was budgeted, the District moved allowable general fund expenditures to the ESSER I special revenue fund in order to have the same net effect on the general fund as was budgeted. Even though revenues and expenditures would show a variance to budget from this change, the net impact on ending fund balance is the same for the general fund.
- Accounting for the above variance caused by federal COVID relief awards and expenditures, district
  operations expenditures tracked within 1% compared to budget. A small variance was expected, due
  to the District awarding a half-step of experience and education lanes late in the fiscal year in response
  to the announcement of the ESSER II & III funds and short-term budget stability created by those funds.
- Governor Little announced the second round of COVID federal relief available to Idaho districts in October of 2020. The District's final allocation of Coronavirus Relief Funds came in at \$3.49M. At the time of the announcement, the funds were to expire within three months. These funds were to be accounted for in the general fund and could only go towards unbudgeted costs to mitigate COVID or operate during the pandemic. The funds were fully used in 2020-21 to address unbudgeted costs to respond to COVID in our District. Examples of these costs are HVAC filters, cleaning supplies, masks, remote learning tools and curriculum, staffing for the new online school, technology and infrastructure for remote learning, and additional pay to address new responsibilities and additional work caused by COVID. These revenues, due to their requirement that they be used for previously unbudgeted costs, created a significant variance to budget in both revenues and expenditures.
- Completed 2017 Construction Bond projects:
  - Northwest Expedition Academy was completed in the 2020-21 fiscal year and opened in fall 2020.
  - \$1M in bond funds remained at completion of the projects. The funds have been allocated to security upgrades and HVAC at CHS. The needed upgrades for the CHS HVAC system will likely exceed funding available due to a dramatic increase in construction costs since the project was originally bid in 2017.
- Last year's PERSI Sick Leave benefit rate holiday continued for the full fiscal year. In January 2020, PERSI enacted an employer-side benefit holiday for the sick leave benefit, which is 1.16% on all PERSI-eligible salaries. This accounted for a total savings of roughly \$560,000 across all funds for the 2020-21 fiscal year. This rate holiday has been extended until July 1 of 2022. In the 2022-23 fiscal year, the District must add these costs back into the budget.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The comprehensive annual financial report consists of three parts: 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis; 2) basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements; and 3) other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District's financial activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information on a School District wide basis. The statements present a total view of the School District's finances. School District wide statements contain useful long-term information, as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the School District wide statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide further detailed explanations of selected areas addressed in the statements. In addition, they provide disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the School District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the School District's budget data for the year.

#### **DISTRICTWIDE STATEMENTS**

The districtwide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two School District wide statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the difference between the School District's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the School District's overall financial position.

Increases or decreases in the School District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall financial condition of the School District, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, should be considered.

In the School District wide financial statements, the School District's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation, and food services. In addition, the School District reports internal service activities on a separate statement. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **DISTRICTWIDE STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

# Table 1 Statement of Net Position

ACCETO	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
ASSETS:	¢ 20.720.002	<u>ቀ                                   </u>
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 20,728,902 15,311,516	\$ 20,732,642 15,148,006
Prepaid expenses		434,056
	436,675 133,229	73,146
Inventory Net OPEB asset - PERSI	4,202,453	3,298,124
Land	6,385,555	6,509,555
Construction in progress	2,407,372	17,438,681
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	106,528,255	91,190,880
Total assets	156,133,957	154,825,090
Total assets	100, 100, 901	134,023,090
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Proportionate share of deferred outflows of OPEB resources	584,344	124,003
Deferred outflows of OPEB resources - District	1,035,930	971,139
Proportionate share of deferred outflows of pension resources	15,041,822	8,844,436
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,662,096	9,939,578
LIADULTIES.		
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	3,285,139	2,075,425
Accrued payroll and related costs	11,497,844	10,045,378
Interest payable	468,373	501,915
Long-term liabilities:	400,373	301,313
Due in one year	3,434,262	3,458,589
Bonds payable	43,277,519	46,921,954
Net pension liability	35,166,956	16,401,860
Total OPEB liability - District	4,287,274	4,085,445
Total liabilities	101,417,367	83,490,566
Total Habilities	101,417,007	00,430,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Proportionate share of deferred inflows of OPEB resources	1,075,033	190,627
Deferred inflows of OPEB resources - District	73,368	73,368
Proportionate share of deferred inflows of pension resources	1,148,279	7,767,086
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,296,680	8,031,081
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	68,848,663	65,048,949
Restricted for:		
Child nutrition	634,789	214,617
Debt service	7,119,857	7,286,163
State and federal title programs	2,686,942	3,442,554
Other projects	979,413	4,006,015
Unrestricted	(11,187,658)	(6,755,277)
Total net position	\$ 69,082,006	\$ 73,243,021

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **DISTRICTWIDE STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)**

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
REVENUES:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,085,929		\$ 3,700,758	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	17,824,483 58,824		10,732,825 198,487	
Capital grants and contributions	30,024		190,407	
Total program revenues	19,969,236	19.1%	14,632,070	14.5%
General Revenues:				
Taxes levied for general purposes	20,597,949		20,396,319	
Taxes levied for capital outlay	4 440 600		105,406	
Taxes levied for debt service	4,449,689		4,040,546	
Total property taxes	25,047,638		24,542,271	
State revenues	56,441,107		60,814,571	
Federal forest	44,771		49,526	
Total state and federal revenues	56,485,878	54.1%	60,864,097	60.4%
Other Revenues:				
Interest on investment earnings	129,622		736,442	
Student Body funds	1,475,908		=	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	1,386,645		(1,780)	
Total other revenues	2,992,175	2.9%	734,662	0.7%
Total Revenues	104,494,927	100.0%	100,773,100	100.0%
EXPENSES:				
Instructional services:				
Elementary programs	25,756,288		25,574,136	
Secondary programs	21,240,072		19,130,314	
Alternative school programs	1,420,214		1,367,111	
Exceptional child programs Activity programs	12,414,591 1,300,281		12,451,535 1,378,176	
Summer programs	30,198		66,380	
Detention programs	281,760		274,936	
Total instructional services	62,443,404	59.8%	60,242,588	59.8%
Support services:				
Pupil support	7,201,432		6,514,069	
General administration	5,257,570		5,352,794	
School administration	7,252,266		6,351,357	
Business operations	1,760,298		1,951,298	
Maintenance	7,376,778		7,017,799	
Transportation	3,646,301		3,466,331	
Security	850,006		841,456	
Other support services	2,095,417		2,250,399	
Student Body funds Total support services	1,251,659 36,691,727	35.1%	33,745,503	33.5%
Non-instructional services:				
Food services	3,492,442		3,606,425	
Community services	1,007,426		996,170	
Net amortization on premium/discount	790,417		168,804	
Change in OPEB obligation	(343,226)		9,022	
Change in net pension liability	12,736,125		5,706,690	
Unallocated actual PERSI contributions	(6,787,222)		(6,416,559)	
Total non-instructional services	10,895,962	10.4%	4,070,552	4.0%
Total Expenses	110,031,093	105.3%	98,058,643	97.3%
Change in net position	\$ (5,536,166)	-5.3%	\$ 2,714,457	2.7%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the School District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

The School District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

#### **Two Types of District Funds**

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out; and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Governmental fund statements do not report on long-term commitments like those reported on the districtwide statements. Therefore, an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the districtwide statements is included as a separate statement.

The School District calculation of net position uses a historical cost of school buildings. This method may not accurately reflect their true value, especially as it relates to our older structures.

As shown in Table 2, an analysis of the 2020-21 fiscal year activity was characterized by the following:

- School District Revenues Total revenues increased by 3.69%
  - Total state revenues in the 2020-21 fiscal year decreased 7.2% due to a sharp drop in enrollment along with state holdbacks in education funding. Both events causing this drop in state revenues were caused by factors related to COVID.
  - Federal funding from COVID relief packages offset the drop in state revenues and, combined with the proceeds from the sale of the Hayden Lake soccer fields for \$1.52M caused an increase in overall revenues.

#### School District Expenditures –

- In the 2020-21 District budget, one half-step of experience was included as part of the 2020-2021 teachers' association negotiations settlement. The District later awarded the other half-step and education lanes to all staff, in response to allocations of federal relief funds. This second event was an unbudgeted expense.
- In the fall of 2020, the District received word of an award of \$3.49M in Coronavirus Relief Funds which were required to be used only on unbudgeted expenses related to COVID response. The District expenditures reflect those funds spent in their entirety and these unbudgeted revenues and expenses are the cause for most variances in actuals compared to budget.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Table 3
Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2021

		All		
	General Fund	Other Funds	Total	%
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 20,603,226	\$ 4,449,689	\$ 25,052,915	23.6%
Interest income	69,593	60,029	129,622	0.1%
Other local revenue	156,771	3,063,204	3,219,975	3.0%
State assistance and reimbursements	56,313,752	4,092,612	60,406,364	57.0%
Title programs and other federal revenue	-	14,249,167	14,249,167	13.4%
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	1,520,485	1,520,485	1.4%
Transfer in	299,109	1,166,302	1,465,411	1.4%
Total revenues	77,442,451	28,601,488	106,043,939	100.0%
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional services	48,604,379	10,422,354	59,026,733	55.7%
Support services	29,853,764	6,312,094	36,165,858	34.1%
Non-instructional services	-	4,484,045	4,484,045	4.2%
Capital outlay	90,513	3,809,452	3,899,965	3.7%
Principal retirement	-	3,168,213	3,168,213	3.0%
Interest	-	1,665,823	1,665,823	1.6%
Transfers out	786,787	713,084	1,499,871	1.4%
Total expenditures	79,335,443	30,575,065	109,910,508	103.6%
Net change	\$ (1,892,992)	\$ (1,973,577)	\$ (3,866,569)	-3.6%

Table 3 provides analysis of all governmental funds. Notable in this review are the following points:

• Total revenues (excluding other financing sources and uses) in all governmental funds were \$103,058,043; \$2,259,764 more than the previous year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)**

Table 4
Changes in Governmental Fund Balances
July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2021

	General	School Lunch	Debt Service	Plant Facilities	Other	Total
Fund Balance 6/30/2011	7,617,589	377,033	1,489,684	(833)	3,410,039	12,893,512
Increase (Decrease) FY 2012	(12,650)	(170,357)	(1,271,593)	833	1,403,919	(49,848)
Fund Balance 6/30/2012	7,604,939	206,676	218,091	-	4,813,958	12,843,664
Increase (Decrease) FY 2013	(425,618)	15,300	30,584,131	-	699,817	30,873,630
Fund Balance 6/30/2013	7,179,321	221,976	30,802,222	-	5,513,775	43,717,294
Increase (Decrease) FY 2014	(348,278)	(186,922)	(18,709,675)	-	(1,542,024)	(20,786,899)
Fund Balance 6/30/2014	6,831,043	35,054	12,092,547	-	3,971,751	22,930,395
Increase (Decrease) FY 2015	(1,248,024)	(5,803)	(9,345,734)	(1,575,964)	306,594	(11,868,931)
Fund Balance 6/30/2015	5,583,019	29,251	2,746,813	(1,575,964)	4,278,345	11,061,464
Increase (Decrease) FY 2016	(1,086,709)	183,254	134,609	1,575,964	767,814	1,574,932
Fund Balance 6/30/2016	4,496,310	212,505	2,881,422	-	5,046,159	12,636,396
Increase (Decrease) FY 2017	16,248	105,939	2,088,241	35,351,533	1,175,468	38,737,429
Fund Balance 6/30/2017	4,512,558	318,444	4,969,663	35,351,533	6,221,627	51,373,825
Increase (Decrease) FY 2018	53,444	69,705	(636,144)	(6,358,102)	(752,597)	(7,623,694)
Fund Balance 6/30/2018	4,566,002	388,149	4,333,519	28,993,431	5,469,030	43,750,131
Increase (Decrease) FY 2019	366,056	(207, 174)	3,365,586	(12,365,731)	921,619	(7,919,644)
Fund Balance 6/30/2019	4,932,058	180,975	7,699,105	16,627,700	6,390,649	35,830,487
Increase (Decrease) FY 2020	1,457,036	33,642	(412,942)	(12,621,685)	(819,865)	(12,363,814)
Fund Balance 6/30/2020	6,389,094	214,617	7,286,163	4,006,015	6,945,935	24,841,824
Increase (Decrease) FY 2021	(1,892,992)	420,172	(166,306)	(3,026,602)	799,159	(3,866,569)
Fund Balance 6/30/2021	4,496,102	634,789	7,119,857	979,413	7,745,094	20,975,255

Table 4 provides an analysis of School District governmental fund balances from FY 2011-12 to FY 2020-21. Notable information for the June 30, 2021 balances are the following:

- The School District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$20,975,255. This is a decrease of \$2,491,418 from the previous year. In addition to the decrease in state funding previously discussed, the School District continued to spend proceeds from the 2017 Construction Bond, finishing the final projects in the 2020-21 school year. \$3M of the bond funds were expended to finish NEXA. Roughly \$1M of the 2017 bond funding combined with interest revenue earned on the bond sale proceeds remained at year end to address small projects that were pulled from original bids due to high construction costs.
- The General Fund has a balance of \$4,496,102, a \$1,892,992 decrease from prior year. As discussed in the financial highlights above, this decrease is due to losses in state funding. Federal funds received in the 2020-21 fiscal year were targeted to new expenses, rather than backfilling state funding cuts as is planned for future years.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The School District adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. State revenues are primarily driven through the measurement of attendance for the best 28 weeks of the school year. The attendance formula also generates salary and benefits support from the state. However, the School District still provides significant funding beyond the formula allowance.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of the end of fiscal year 2020-21, the School District has invested approximately \$171,243,347 in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, transportation equipment, and other equipment. The total accumulated depreciation on these assets amounts to \$55,922,165. Asset acquisitions for governmental activities include construction remodel projects, as well as funds to purchase land, school buses, computers and other instructional and support equipment.

#### **Long-term Debt**

In March 2017, the School District sold \$35.5 million in bonds in one series (Series 2017). The proceeds from these bonds are for capital projects construction projects and land acquisition within the School District.

In March 2018, the School District completed a defeasance of a portion of the debt owed from Series 2012B bonds, paying \$2,484,297 in future principal on Series 2012B bonds, in order to incur savings on interest costs. The total outstanding principal of the bonds as of June 30, 2021 is \$41,100,000.

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE**

Current known circumstances that will impact the School District's financial status in the future are:

• State Funding – The 2021 legislative session yielded deeper cuts in state funding for K-12 public schools going into the 2021-22 fiscal year. Legislative documents showed intent to cut school districts in anticipation that districts would use ESSER II & III funds to backfill cuts. Although there are sufficient COVID relief funds to balance the budget, these are one-time revenue sources, so the district operations should be considered as effectively in an on-going deficit spending situation for the 2021-22 school year. \$6.1M of the ESSER II & III funds have been earmarked to offset funding cuts as well as working the loss of enrollment into the budgeted revenues and address additional compensation costs to adequately staff schools in a highly competitive labor market.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE (CONCLUDED)

- ESSER II & III Funds In winter 2021, the District received estimates for ESSER II and ESSER III funds to be awarded. ESSER II & III funds are widely considered discretionary funds to be used for anything inside the typical scope of operating a school district. The ESSER II allocation came to \$5.99M and expires in September 2023. The ESSER III allocation totaled just over \$13.4M and expires in September 2024. These allocations are subject to change with minor corrections. Of ESSER III, \$2.69M must be allocated to expenditures to address Learning Loss. These funds were not budgeted in 2020-21, nor was any substantial amount of either allocation spent in the 2020-21 fiscal year. During the spring 2021 legislative session, it was understood that Districts were to receive these additional federal relief dollars. The legislature opted to adopt a state education budget with further cuts for the 2021-22 fiscal year, with the intention that districts must use these ESSER allocations to offset those cuts. It is unknown if the cuts will be sustained beyond the 2021-22 year, so a large part of these funds are reserved by the District to address offsetting persisting cuts in future years. In addition to this line item, ESSER II & III funds have been budgeted for additions like programming to remediate learning loss, technology device replacements and infrastructure replacement, HVAC system upgrades and repairs, and recruiting and retaining quality staff in a difficult labor market.
- Governor's Learning Loss Funds In summer 2021, the district applied for and received an additional grant from the Governor's office to address learning loss caused by COVID. The district's award came to \$590k. These funds were awarded after the 2021-22 budget was set and will be accounted for in a special revenue fund. These funds expire on December 29th, 2021, and were allocated to a number of summer reading programs, extension and enrichment of existing summer school programs, tutoring, literacy programs, smaller class sizes in grades K-4, and other enrichment activities through the school year until the expiration of the funds.
- Governor's Substitute Recruitment and Hard-to-Fill Grant In October 2021, Governor Little's office announced an additional grant to address difficulties in finding substitute teachers as well as difficulties recruiting and retaining numerous school support positions. The district plans to pay recruitment and retention stipends to a number of positions that have demonstrated that they are "hard-to-fill" by the total number of vacant positions and the vacancies' effects on the system. These funds will be accounted for in a special revenue fund and must be expended by December 15, 2021.
- Enrollment The school district has a sustained drop in enrollment compared to pre-COVID levels of enrollment. Elementary has experienced the most dramatic drop in enrollment. As of October 2021, elementary has gained 337 elementary students back compared to prior year. This is still down a total of 625 students compared to pre-COVID elementary enrollment. Secondary is 175 students lower than pre-COVID October 2019 enrollment. Fewer students mean lower state revenues. In addition to fewer students to generate funding, the state formula reverts back to an attendance driven formula in the 2021-22 fiscal year, which is expected to further drive state revenues down in the current fiscal year compared to 2020-21 revenues. Any additional shortfall created by these factors will be backfilled with ESSER II & III funding.
- **Supplemental Levy** In March 2021, the \$20,000,000 per year supplemental levy was approved again by the School District's voters for a 2-year period. This renewed levy expires June 30, 2023.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Katie Ebner, Director of Finance, Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, 1400 North Northwood Center Court, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, 83814, (208) 664-8241.

## FINANCIAL SECTION

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,728,902
Receivables	15,311,516
Prepaid expenses	436,675
Inventory	133,229
Total OPEB asset - PERSI	4,202,453
Land	6,385,555
Construction in progress	2,407,372
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	106,528,255
Total assets	156,133,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of OPEB resources - PERSI	584,344
Deferred outflows of OPEB resources - District	1,035,930
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of pension resources	15,041,822
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,662,096
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,285,139
Accrued payroll and related costs	11,497,844
Interest payable	468,373
Long-term liabilities:	.00,0.0
Due within one year:	
Compensated absenses	239,262
Bonds payable	3,195,000
Due in more than one year:	0,100,000
Bonds payable	43,277,519
Net pension liability	35,166,956
Total OPEB liability - District	4,287,274
Total liabilities	101,417,367
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of OPEB resources - PERSI	1.075.022
Deferred inflows of OPEB resources - District	1,075,033 73,368
	•
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of pension resources  Total deferred inflows of resources	1,148,279
	2,296,680
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	68,848,663
Restricted for:	
Child nutrition	634,789
Debt service	7,119,857
State and federal title programs	2,686,942
Other projects	979,413
Unrestricted	(11,187,658)
Total net position	\$ 69,082,006

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program	Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in	
			Operating	Capital	Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Functions/Programs						
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
Instructional services:						
Elementary programs	\$ 25,756,288	\$ -	\$ 4,453,046	\$ 25,265	\$ (21,277,977)	
Secondary programs	21,240,072	1,326,844	1,957,303	25,393	(17,930,532)	
Alternative school programs	1,420,214	-	420,692	-	(999,522)	
Exceptional child programs	12,414,591	-	2,259,280	5,567	(10,149,744)	
Activity programs	1,300,281	-	95,291	-	(1,204,990)	
Summer programs	30,198	-	60	-	(30,138)	
Detention programs	281,760	-	65,655	-	(216,105)	
Support services:	7.004.400		070.400		(0.000.040)	
Pupil support	7,201,432	-	872,492	-	(6,328,940)	
General administration	5,257,570	-	2,128,390	-	(3,129,180)	
School administration	7,252,266	-	370,940	-	(6,881,326)	
Business operations	1,760,298	-	26,334	-	(1,733,964)	
Maintenance	7,376,778	-	344,728	2,458	(7,029,592)	
Transportation	3,646,301	-	164,981	141	(3,481,179)	
Security	850,006	1,611	11,341	-	(837,054)	
Other support services	2,095,417	-	346,258	-	(1,749,159)	
Student Body funds	1,251,659				(1,251,659)	
Non-instructional services:	0.400.440		0.754.000		0== 044	
Food services	3,492,442	96,086	3,754,000	-	357,644	
Community services	1,007,426	661,388	553,692	-	207,654	
Net amortization on premium/discount	790,417	-	-	-	(790,417)	
Change in OPEB obligation	(343,226)	-	-	-	343,226	
Change in net pension liability	12,736,125	-	-	-	(12,736,125)	
Unallocated actual PERSI contributions		<u>+ 0.005.000</u>	<u>+ 47.004.400</u>	<u>-</u>	6,787,222	
Total governmental activities	\$ 110,031,093	\$ 2,085,929	\$ 17,824,483	\$ 58,824	(90,061,857)	
	Taxes:					
	Property taxes, lev				20,597,949	
	Property taxes, lev	ried for debt servi	ces		4,449,689	
	State revenue				56,441,107	
	Grants and contribu	utions not restricte	d to specific purp	oses:		
	Federal Forest				44,771	
	Student Body funds				1,475,908	
	Interest and investr	-			129,622	
	Gain (loss) on dispo				1,386,645 84,525,691	
	Total general revenues					
Change in net position						
	Net position - begin	ning			74,618,172	
	Net position - endin	g			\$ 69,082,006	

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	Gener	al	 Child Nutrition		Title I
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,736	,993	\$ 768,528	\$	-
Accounts receivable:					
Kootenai County	7,538	,903	-		-
State of Idaho	1,176	,465	-		1,250,554
Other receivables	14	,677	-		-
Prepaid expense	435	,978	-		-
Due from other funds	3,906	,588	-		-
Inventory		-	133,229		-
Total assets	\$ 17,809	,604	\$ 901,757	\$	1,250,554
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,362	,540	\$ 59,761	\$	37,600
Accrued payroll and vacation benefits	10,187		207,207		215,640
Due to other funds		-	-		997,314
Total liabilities	12,550	,118	266,968		1,250,554
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	763	,384	-		-
Unavailable revenue-special revenue		-	-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	763	,384	-		-
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:	435	,978	133,229		-
Restricted to:		,	•		
Debt service		-	-		-
State and federal title programs		-	-		-
Capital Bond 2017 Projects		-	-		-
Assigned to:					
State and federal non title funding		-	-		-
School professional development funds	140	,000	-		-
Committed to:					
Contingency reserve	3,857	,167	-		-
Unassigned	62	,957	501,560		-
Total fund balances	4,496	,102	634,789		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 17,809	,604	\$ 901,757	\$	1,250,554

2012 2017 Bond Construct		2017 enstruction	2017 Bond			Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	3,276,430	\$	1,010,816	\$	2,454,079	\$	8,415,398	\$ 20,662,244
	777,996		-		614,026		-	8,930,925
	-		-		-		3,550,530	5,977,549
	-		-		-		306,408	321,085
	-		-		-		697	436,675
	-		-		-		-	3,906,588
							-	133,229
\$	4,054,426	\$	1,010,816	\$	3,068,105	\$	12,273,033	\$ 40,368,295
	_		_					
\$	-	\$	31,397	\$	-	\$	727,183	\$ 3,218,481
	-		6		-		887,413	11,497,844
	-		-		-		2,909,274	3,906,588
	-		31,403		-		4,523,870	18,622,913
	_		_		2,674		-	766,058
	-		_		-		4,069	4,069
	-		-		2,674		4,069	770,127
	-		-		-		697	569,904
	4,054,426		-		3,065,431		-	7,119,857
	-		-		-		2,686,942	2,686,942
	-		979,413		-		-	979,413
	-		-		_		5,057,455	5,057,455
	-		-		-		-	140,000
	_		_		_		_	3,857,167
	_		-		-		-	564,517
	4,054,426		979,413		3,065,431		7,745,094	20,975,255
\$	4,054,426	\$	1,010,816	\$	3,068,105	\$	12,273,033	\$ 40,368,295

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balances at June 30, 2021 - Governmental Funds		\$ 20,975,255
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2021 Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021	\$171,243,347	
Buildings and sites	(48,362,618)	
Buses and other transportation	(4,377,034)	
Equipment, computers and library books	(3,182,513)	115,321,182
Addition of School Plus accounts receivable		81,957
Addition of Concort has accounts receivable		01,007
Elimination of deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		766,058
Elimination of deferred inflows of resources - special revenue		4,069
Pension liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred		
inflows of resources related to pensions:		(05.400.050)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		(35,166,956)
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of pension resources		15,041,822
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of pension resources		(1,148,279)
OPEB assets, liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred		
inflows of resources related to OPEB:		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset		4,202,453
Total OPEB liability - district		(4,287,274)
Deferred outflows of OPEB resources		1,620,274
Deferred inflows of OPEB resources		(1,148,401)
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2021		
Bonds payable	(41,100,000)	
Premium on bonds payable, net accumulated amortization of \$2,066,711	(5,480,716)	
Discount on bonds payable, net accumulated amortization of \$138,709	108,197	
Accrued compensated absences	(239,262)	
Accrued interest payable	(468,373)	(47,180,154)
Acorded interest payable	(+00,573)	(77,100,104)
Net position at June 30, 2021		\$ 69,082,006

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Child Nutrition	Title I
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 20,603,226	\$ -	\$ -
Interest income	69,593	-	-
Other local revenue	156,771	96,086	-
State assistance and reimbursements	56,313,752	-	-
Title programs and other federal revenues		3,712,106	1,889,556
Total revenues	77,143,342	3,808,192	1,889,556
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	19,850,242	_	1,404,085
Secondary programs	17,405,137	_	2,025
Alternative school programs	1,011,463	_	116,815
Exceptional child programs	8,873,786	-	110,013
	1,215,831	-	-
Activity programs		-	-
Summer program	30,198	-	-
Detention center program	217,722		4 500 005
Total instructional services	48,604,379		1,522,925
Support services:	5 000 004		
Pupil support	5,930,301	-	-
General administration	2,840,132	-	322,621
School administration	6,889,326	-	20
Business operations	1,512,804	-	-
Maintenance	6,950,888	-	-
Transportation	3,086,383	-	-
Security program	832,342	-	-
Student activity	-	-	-
Other support services	1,811,588		
Total support services	29,853,764		322,641
Non-instructional services:			
Food services	-	3,436,631	-
Community services			14,648
Total non-instructional services		3,436,631	14,648
Capital outlay	90,513	_	_
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	-	-
Interest			
Total debt service			
Total expenditures	78,548,656	3,436,631	1,860,214
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,405,314)	371,561	29,342
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from sale of assets	=	-	-
Transfers in	299,109	87,295	-
Transfers (out)	(786,787)	(38,684)	(29,342)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(487,678)	48,611	(29,342)
Net change in fund balances	(1,892,992)	420,172	-
Fund balances - beginning	6,389,094	214,617	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,496,102	\$ 634,789	\$ -

2012 Bond	2017 Construction	2017 Bond		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
¢ 0.566.701	œ.	¢.	1 000 000	Φ		¢ 25.052.045	
\$ 2,566,701	\$ -	\$	1,882,988	\$	-	\$ 25,052,915	
-	60,029		-		-	129,622	
44,300	-		83,055		2,839,763	3,219,975	
-	-		-		4,092,612	60,406,364	
			4.000.040		8,647,505	14,249,167	
2,611,001	60,029		1,966,043	_	15,579,880	103,058,043	
-	-		-		3,037,046	24,291,373	
=	=		-		1,882,018	19,289,180	
=	-		-		291,445	1,419,723	
-	-		-		3,540,494	12,414,280	
-	-		-		84,388	1,300,219	
-	-		-		-	30,198	
-	-		-		64,038	281,760	
-			-		8,899,429	59,026,733	
					4 074 404	7 004 400	
-	40.000		-		1,271,131	7,201,432	
-	13,032		-		2,103,585	5,279,370	
-	-		-		360,486	7,249,832	
-	-		-		151,425	1,664,229	
-	55,860		-		330,422	7,337,170	
-	-		-		150,688	3,237,071	
-	6,888		-		10,776	850,006	
-	-		-		1,251,659	1,251,659	
	11,395				272,106	2,095,089	
	87,175		-	_	5,902,278	36,165,858	
-	-		-		39,988	3,476,619	
=	-		_		992,778	1,007,426	
	-		_		1,032,766	4,484,045	
	2,999,456		_		809,996	3,899,965	
2,260,000	-		820,000		88,213	3,168,213	
480,000	-		1,183,350		2,473	1,665,823	
2,740,000			2,003,350		90,686	4,834,036	
2,740,000	3,086,631		2,003,350		16,735,155	108,410,637	
(128,999)	(3,026,602)		(37,307)		(1,155,275)	(5,352,594)	
-	-		-		1,520,485	1,520,485	
-	=		-		1,079,007	1,465,411	
				_	(645,058)	(1,499,871)	
			-		1,954,434	1,486,025	
(128,999)	(3,026,602)		(37,307)		799,159	(3,866,569)	
4,183,425	4,006,015	_	3,102,738		6,945,935	24,841,824	
\$ 4,054,426	\$ 979,413	\$	3,065,431	\$	7,745,094	\$ 20,975,255	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net changes in fund balances for year ended June 30, 2021	\$ (3,866,569)
Add: Capital outlay which is considered expenditures  Add: Interest expense which is considered capital outlay  Less: Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021  Less: Proceeds on sale of assets  Add: Gain on sale of assets	3,899,965 392,429 (3,976,488) (1,520,485) 1,386,645
Elimination of interfund revenues and expenditures:  Add: Interfund transfers out Less: Interfund transfers in	1,499,871 (1,499,871)
Add: The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund allocated to governmental activities	1,473
Add: Bond principal retirement considered as an expenditure  Add: Capital lease payments considered as an expenditure  Add: Change in compensated absences  Add: Change in OPEB obligation - insurance expense	3,080,000 88,213 51,114 343,226
Add: Difference between school plus revenue earned on modified accrual basis versus revenue on school plus revenue on accrual basis	55,514
Add: Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis	482,977
Less: Difference between revenue earned on property taxes on modified accrual basis versus revenue on property taxes on accrual basis	(5,277)
Add: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,787,222
Less: Change in net pension liability	 (12,736,125)
Change in net position for year ended June 30, 2021	\$ (5,536,166)

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS		_
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	66,658
Total assets		66,658
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	66,658
Total liabilities		66,658
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		
Total net position	\$	-

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:		
Services	\$ 61,032	
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	5,884	
Benefits	753	
Purchased services	104	
Supplies	65,299	
Maintenance	21,979	
Total operating expenses	94,019	
Operating (loss)	(32,987)	
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfer in	34,460	
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,460	
Change in net position	1,473	
Total net position - beginning	(1,473)	
Total net position - ending	\$ -	

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 nternal vice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 61,032
Payments to suppliers	(21,298)
Payments to employees	 (6,637)
Net cash provided by operating activities	33,097
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers in from other funds	34,460
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	34,460
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	67,557
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	(899)
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 66,658
Reconciliation of net operating (loss) to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (32,987)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	 66,084
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 33,097

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 (the "School District") operates under the direction of a Board of Trustees, who oversees the operation of the School District and governs the decisions made by the District Superintendent. The School District is engaged in the education of students on the elementary and secondary levels. The School District does not exercise sufficient control over other governmental agencies and authorities to warrant including them as a part of the School District's entity.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, this includes general operations, child nutrition, debt service, plant facilities, and student and supportive service activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The financial statements of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>New Pronouncements</u> – During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District implemented GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, student body funds have been included in the financial statements and beginning net assets was increased by \$1,375,151 to include prior year net assets previously reported as agency funds.

The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

#### B. Basis of presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Continued)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the laws of the State of Idaho.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – Child nutrition is a program that provides nourishing meals to students in all grades. This program is supplemented by federal funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

<u>Title I Fund</u> – The Title I fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of costs that are restricted to the Title I program.

<u>2012 Bond Fund</u> – The 2012 Bond fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term obligation bonds including principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>2017 Construction Fund</u> – The 2017 Construction fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of costs that are legally restricted for capital improvements related to the 2017 bond funds.

<u>2017 Bond Fund</u> – The 2017 Bond fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term obligation bonds including principal, interest, and related costs.

The School District reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The special revenues funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs in which the use is restricted or assigned to a particular purpose.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – The capital project funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs that are assigned or legally restricted for maintenance or capital projects.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The internal service fund is created to provide goods or services to other governmental operating units such as departments. The purpose of centralizing certain activities in an internal service fund is to achieve a level of operating efficiency that may not be available if the same activities were performed by multiple units within the governmental unit. The School District uses this fund to provide printing services.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Concluded)

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources or economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School District.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes and is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements in the following funds: General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, Title I Fund, 2012 Bond Fund, 2017 Construction Fund, 2017 Bond Fund and nonmajor governmental funds. Interest earned in the pooled accounts is allocated to the participating funds in proportion to the average daily balances in each fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, investments were limited to the Idaho State Investment Pool.

The District invests in one 2a-7-like pools, the Idaho State Investment Pool. The advisory board of the Idaho State Investment Pool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The Idaho State Investment Pool is duly chartered and administered by the State Treasurer's office and consists of US Treasury bills and notes, collateralized certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements.

Following GASB 72, ¶69 and ¶B62 the balance that the District has in the Idaho State Investment Pool is carried at cost, which materially approximates fair market value.

The District considers funds held in the Idaho State Investment Pool to be cash equivalents, as the District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

For presentation in the financial statements, investments in the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### F. Capital Assets

General capital assets typically result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Capital Assets (Concluded)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements and interest incurred during the construction of capital assets are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of governmental funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount interest capitalized depends on the specific circumstances. Obligation bonds were issued to finance various capital School District projects. Accordingly, interest capitalized in the amount of \$392,429 was included in current year additions for capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives	
Buildings and improvements	40 years	
Modular	15 years	
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years	
Library books	10 years	
Buses	10 years	
Other vehicles	5 years	

#### G. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees who qualify.

Sick leave benefits are not paid upon termination but only when sick leave is used. Therefore, sick leave is not accrued as a liability.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of capital leases, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums and bond discounts. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums, bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

#### I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The School District only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are deferred outflows relating to the accounting for the net pension obligation on the government-wide statement of net position, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and relating to the accounting for the net OPEB obligation on the government-wide statement of net position, in accordance with GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District has one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The School District has one type of item, which arises under full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources, is reported only on the government-wide statement of net position. The government-wide statement of net position reports proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources from one source: accounting for the net pension obligation, in accordance with GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Fund Balance Classifications

The School District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (required implementation date of June 2011). This Statement establishes criteria for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. Application of the Statement requires the School District to classify, and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The School District's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

The School District reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance — Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form—such as inventory or prepaid insurance, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact—such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance — Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes a specific purpose for the funds—such as the School District's federal award revenue, which must be used to fund federally defined title programs. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party (e.g., citizens, public interest groups, the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance — Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of Trustees. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the board of trustees. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance — Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the Director of Finance, or (b) an appointed body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Trustees have delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance includes: (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the general fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the School District itself.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Fund Balance Classifications (Concluded)

Unassigned Fund Balance — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents general fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

### K. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### L. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### N. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied each November based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous September tax rolls. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The County Assessor establishes assessed values. Property tax payments are due in one-half installments in December and June Property taxes become a lien on the property when it is levied.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

#### O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### P. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Q. Inventory

Inventories are expenses when used rather than when purchased. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market and are determined by physical count.

### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Data**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. This is in conformance with Idaho State Statutes which require that appropriations lapse at the end of a fiscal year and are not available to be carried forward to be used in addition to the succeeding year's appropriation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONCLUDED)

#### **Budgetary Data (Concluded)**

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The School District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- b) Public hearings are set to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees and published.
- d) The final budget is then filed with the State Department of Education. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the budget was not amended.

Lapsing of Appropriations – At the close of each year all unspent appropriations revert to the respective funds from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriation.

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### General:

State statutes authorize the School District's investments and deposits. The School District is authorized to invest in demand deposits, savings accounts, U.S. Government obligations and its agencies, obligations of Idaho and its agencies, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, prime domestic commercial paper, prime domestic bankers acceptances, bonds, debentures or notes of any corporation organized, controlled and operating within the U.S. which have at their purchase an "A" rating or higher, government pool and money market funds consisting of any of these securities listed. No violations of these categories have occurred during the year.

#### Custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a financial institution, the School District's deposits and investments may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, the School District's deposits and investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

The School District's deposits and investments are insured and collateralized as follows:

# Deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:

Amount insured by the FDIC, or collateralized	
with securities held by the School District in its name	\$ 1,292,935
Idaho State Investment Pool	15,275,542
Total deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:	16,568,477
Deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk:	
Amount uninsured	6,140,177
Total deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk:	6,140,177
Total deposits	\$ 22,708,654

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONCLUDED)

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position - cash and cash equivalents	
Governmental and Internal Service fund	

ernmental and Internal Service fund \$\frac{\$20,728,902}{\$20,728,902}\$

Total carrying amount \$\frac{\$20,728,902}{\$20,728,902}\$

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash:

Deposit with financial institutions \$ 5,453,360

Cash equivalents:

Idaho State Investment Pools15,275,542Total cash and cash equivalents\$ 20,728,902

The School District considers funds held in the Idaho State Investment Pool and the Idaho Diversified Bond Fund to be cash equivalents, as the School District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

### Credit risk:

The Idaho State Investment Pool does not have an established credit rating, but invests in entities with a minimum credit rating of "A" as stipulated by Idaho code. Financial information on the investment pool can be obtained by contacting the Idaho State Treasurer.

#### **NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES**

<u>Kootenai County</u> – This receivable is comprised of county school funds, taxes and other county receipts allocable to the School District at June 30, 2021, but which were not remitted to or received by the School District until after that date.

<u>State of Idaho</u> – The amount due from the state represents distributions and reimbursements from state administered funds applicable to the year ended June 30, 2021.

The receivables as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 8,930,925
State of Idaho	5,977,549
Other miscellaneous	 321,085
	\$ 15,229,559

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

# NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a recap of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Adjustment	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 6,509,555	\$ -	\$ (124,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,385,555
Construction in progress	17,438,682	3,369,803		392,429	(18,793,542)	2,407,372
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated	23,948,237	3,369,803	(124,000)	392,429	(18,793,542)	8,792,927
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building and improvements	132,796,578	-	-	-	18,793,542	151,590,120
Equipment and fixtures	3,284,992	86,698	(193,363)	-	-	3,178,327
Library books	845,160	-	-	-	-	845,160
Computers	149,323	-	-	-	-	149,323
Vehicles and buses	6,373,480	443,464	(129,454)			6,687,490
Total capital assets being						
depreciated	143,449,533	530,162	(322,817)		18,793,542	162,450,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	44,969,001	3,393,617	-	-	-	48,362,618
Equipment and fixtures	2,217,354	163,366	(183,523)	-	-	2,197,197
Library books	845,160	-	-	-	-	845,160
Computers	133,901	6,255	-	-	-	140,156
Vehicles and buses	4,093,238	413,250	(129,454)			4,377,034
Total accumulated depreciation	52,258,654	3,976,488	(312,977)			55,922,165
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	91,190,879	(3,446,326)	(9,840)		18,793,542	106,528,255
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	\$ 115,139,116	\$ (76,523)	\$ (133,840)	\$392,429	\$ -	\$115,321,182

Depreciation expense of \$3,976,488 for the year ended June 30, 2021 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Elementary	\$ 1,456,965
Secondary	1,941,106
Business administration	92,813
Maintenance	58,055
Transportation	413,677
Food service	13,872
	\$ 3,976,488

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

Following is a recap of the June 30, 2021 balances by generic location:

	⊟ementary	Elementary Secondary		Total	
Land	\$ 2,646,430	\$ 1,906,706	\$ 1,832,419	\$	6,385,555
Building and improvements	70,940,015	77,528,856	3,121,249		151,590,120
Equipment	778,862	1,063,573	1,335,892		3,178,327
Library books	408,306	374,127	62,727		845,160
Computers	3,416	9,032	136,875		149,323
Vehicles and buses	-	-	6,687,490		6,687,490
Construction in progress	-	64,587	2,342,785		2,407,372
Total capital assets	\$ 74,777,029	\$ 80,946,881	\$ 15,519,437	\$	171,243,347

#### NOTE 6: ACCRUED PAYROLL AND BENEFITS

Accrued payroll includes amounts due contracted teachers and other employees at June 30, 2021, which were not paid until July and August 2021, in conformity with contractual stipulations.

#### NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 requires accrual of employee compensation for future absences if certain conditions exist. Included in the current financial statements is a liability of \$239,262 for vacation pay.

# NOTE 8: DUE TO / DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

The composition of due to / due from other funds is the result of pooling of cash as of June 30, 2021 as follows:

	 Due from		Due to	
General fund	\$ 3,906,588	\$	_	
Title I fund	-		997,314	
Other governmental funds	-		2,909,274	
	\$ 3,906,588	\$	3,906,588	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9: BONDS PAYABLE

#### **SERIES 2012 B AND 2017 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS**

On August 28, 2012, School District 271 voters approved \$32,700,000 of 13 year General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012 A and B, with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% for Series A and 1.50% to 5.00% for Series B. Pursuant to this authority, the sale of the bonds followed on October 7, 2012, with net proceeds of \$32,892,277 (including principal of \$29,025,000, premiums of \$3,867,277, discount of \$127,088 and issuance costs of \$94,813) and repayment that began in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The bond sale proceeds were for the remodel of five aged schools, replacement of the HVAC systems in five additional schools, update of technology throughout the School District's buildings, and demolition of the School District's former central office. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the series 2012 A bond was paid off.

On March 14, 2017, School District 271 voters approved \$35,500,000 of 14-year General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017 with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. Pursuant to this authority the sale of bonds followed on June 13, 2017, with net proceeds of \$35,325,333 (including principle of \$32,075,000, premiums of \$3,680,149, discount of \$119,816 and issuance costs of \$131,469) and repayment that will begin in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The bond sale proceeds were for financing schools and school facilities, including, but not limited to, the costs of acquiring land, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new elementary school and acquiring and constructing additions, renovations, upgrades, repairs, equipment and furnishings to Coeur d'Alene High School, Lake City High School, Lakes Magnet Middle School, Dalton Elementary School, Fernan STEM Academy and Hayden Meadows Elementary School.

On March 20, 2018, the District defeased \$2.230 million of outstanding 2012B Series bonds with interest ranging from 1.50 percent to 5.00 percent by placing net proceeds of \$2.484 million (after payment of \$11,150 issuance costs) in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2012B Series bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased obligation are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2021 \$2.230 million of bonds were legally defeased and remain outstanding.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

#### Series 2012 B

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	**%	\$ 2,355,000	\$	390,200	\$	2,745,200
2023	4.00%	2,440,000		296,800		2,736,800
2024	5.00%	1,800,000		203,000		2,003,000
2025	4.00%	1,920,000		119,600		2,039,600
2026	4.00%	2,030,000		40,600		2,070,600
		\$ 10,545,000	\$	1,050,200	\$	11,595,200

<sup>\*\*</sup> Bifurcated Coupons

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 9: BONDS PAYABLE (CONCLUDED)

### SERIES 2012 B AND 2017 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONCLUDED)

_			
Se	ries	2017	7

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2022	5.00%	\$ 840,000		\$ 1,150,050		\$ 1,990,050
2023	5.00%	885,000		1,106,925		1,991,925
2024	5.00%	930,000		1,061,550		1,991,550
2025	5.00%	975,000		1,013,925		1,988,925
2026	5.00%	1,025,000		963,925		1,988,925
2027-2031	3.00%-5.00%	21,210,000		2,550,300		23,760,300
2032	3.00%	 4,690,000	_	70,350	_	4,760,350
		\$ 30,555,000		\$ 7,917,025		\$ 38,472,025

There are several covenants, limitations and other requirements contained in the bond indenture. The School District is in substantial compliance with these requirements at June 30, 2021.

### NOTE 10: LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating Leases – During the fiscal year 2019, the School District entered into two operating leases for copy machines and laptop computers that will expire on various dates by fiscal year ending 2024. During fiscal year 2020, the School District entered into a lease agreement and lease addendum for annex space that both expire by fiscal year ending 2024. During the fiscal year 2021, the School District entered into two operating leases for Tablet and Laptop Computers that both expire by fiscal year ending 2025. Future minimum payments are as follows:

	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total	
Copiers	\$ 62,455	\$ 62,455	\$ 10,409	\$ -	\$ 135,319	
Laptop Computers - 2018	228,939	38,156	-	-	267,095	
Annex Lease	79,980	82,272	84,636	-	246,888	
Annex Lease Adendum	9,270	9,548	9,835	-	28,653	
Tablet Computers - 2021	17,029	17,029	17,029	17,029	68,116	
Laptop Computers - 2021	259,408	259,408	259,408		778,224	
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 657,081	\$ 468,868	\$ 381,317	\$ 17,029	\$ 1,524,295	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 11: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT MATURITIES

Changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance				Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2020	Ad	ditions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	One year
Bonds payable						
General obligation bonds	\$ 44,180,000	\$	-	\$ (3,080,000)	\$ 41,100,000	\$ 3,195,000
Premium	5,945,576		-	(464,860)	5,480,716	_
Discount	(123,622)		-	15,425	(108, 197)	
Total bonds payable	50,001,954		-	(3,529,435)	46,472,519	3,195,000
Capital leases payable	88,213		-	(88,213)	-	-
Compensated absences	290,376			(51,114)	239,262	239,262
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 50,380,543	\$	-	\$ (3,668,762)	\$ 46,711,781	\$ 3,434,262

#### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The Coeur d'Alene School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

#### Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary.

Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2020, it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The Coeur d'Alene School District contributions were \$6,787,222 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Coeur d'Alene School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Coeur d'Alene School District proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Coeur d'Alene School District share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2021, the Coeur d'Alene School District proportion was 1.5144252 percent.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Coeur d'Alene School District recognized pension expense of \$12,736,125 At June 30, 2021 the Coeur d'Alene School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience		
	\$ 4,030,809	-
Changes of assumptions	594,738	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,747,619	1,148,279
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	912,534	-
Coeur D`Alene Sd's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 6,756,122	_
Total	\$ 15,041,822	\$ 1,148,279

\$6,756,122 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 is 4.8 and 4.7 for the measurement period June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

### Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 113,573
2022	\$ 1,481,371
2023	\$ 2,010,574
2024	\$ 2,619,368

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%
Salary increases\*\* 3.75%
Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1.00%

that varies for each individual member based on years of service

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- · Set back 3 years for teachers
- · No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

<sup>\*3.75%</sup> of 1% depending on whether the member was hired on or before July 1, 2012.

<sup>\*\*</sup>There is an additional component of assumed salary grown (on top of the 3.75%)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2020.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses  Portfolio Standard Deviation			4.14% 14.16%
Portiono Standard Deviation			14.10%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.05%)	rent Discount tate (7.05%)	19	% Increase (8.05%)
Employer's net pension liability (asset)	\$	72,117,791	\$ 35,166,956	\$	4,614,636

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

# Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2021, the Coeur d'Alene School District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$870,614 for legally required employer contributions and \$652,158 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

#### NOTE 13: MINIMUM FUND BALANCE POLICY

The District maintains a minimum unassigned fund balance of five percent (5%) of the subsequent year's budgeted revenues. The District is in compliance with this policy.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 14: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Campual 5 and	Ф	200 400	Ф	706 707
General fund	\$	299,109	\$	786,787
Child nutrition		87,295		38,684
Title I		-		29,342
Other governmental funds		1,079,007		645,058
Internal service fund		34,460		
	\$	1,499,871	\$	1,499,871

Transfers are made based on the federal requirements (allowable in-direct or required for food service program) and/or to cover expenditures tracked separately from the general fund but are still considered as part of the overall operating budget.

#### NOTE 15: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District contracts with an insurance company for property insurance (including boiler and machinery) and general liability insurance.

Professional liability is protected by an outside insurance company with a \$2,000,000 liability and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Vehicles are also covered by the same insurance company and have a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and a \$1,000 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$3,000,000 single limit of liability.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The School District provides life, with accidental death and dismemberment insurance, as well as medical and dental insurance to most employees through an insurance company in the amount of \$50,000.

#### NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

#### Plan Description

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

#### **OPEB Benefits**

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. The Retirement Board approved an 18-month rate holiday from January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021. During the rate holiday, all sick leave contribution rates are 0%. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 3.4130052 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of (\$480,264). \$584,344 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2022.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	Core Fixed Income	2.80%	55.00%
Broad US Equities	Broad US Equities	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	Developed Foreign Equities	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		2.25% 1.50%	2.25% 1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
1 only of tandara boliation		12.0070	12.0070
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses Portfolio Standard Deviation			4.14% 14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			4.050/
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONCLUDED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Decrease Current Disco 6.05%) Rate (7.05%)		1% Increase (8.05%)	
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB asset	\$	3,653,740	\$	4,202,453	\$	4,710,234

### OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

### Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

#### NOTE 17: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description and OPEB Benefits

Upon separation from public school employment by retirement in accordance with Chapter 13, Title 59, Idaho Code, a retiree may continue to pay premiums for the retiree and the retiree's dependents at the rate for the active employee's group health, long-term care, vision, prescription drug and dental insurance programs as maintained by the employer for the active employees until the retiree and/or the retiree's spouse becomes eligible for Medicare at which time the district shall make available a supplemental program to Medicare for the eligible individual.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 17: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$4,287,274 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Projected payroll increases 3.75% Interest / discount rate 2.27%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 100% of projected health premiums for retirees

#### Healthcare cost trend rates:

		Prescription	
Fiscal year ending	Medical	Drugs	Dental
2020*	8.3%	8.3%	0.0%
2021	7.7%	7.7%	3.3%
2022	6.5%	6.5%	3.0%
2023	6.0%	6.0%	2.5%
2024	5.9%	5.9%	2.0%
2025	5.7%	5.7%	2.0%
2026	5.6%	5.6%	2.0%
2027	5.5%	5.5%	2.0%
2028	5.3%	5.3%	2.0%
2029-2045	5.2%	5.2%	2.0%
2046	5.1%	5.1%	2.0%
2047-2048	5.0%	5.0%	2.0%
2049-2051	4.9%	4.9%	2.0%
2052-2055	4.8%	4.8%	2.0%
2056-2060	4.7%	4.7%	2.0%
2061-2067	4.6%	4.6%	2.0%
2068	4.5%	4.5%	2.0%
2069	4.4%	4.4%	2.0%
2070	4.3%	4.3%	2.0%
2071-2072	4.2%	4.2%	2.0%
2073	4.1%	4.1%	2.0%
2074-2075	4.0%	4.0%	2.0%
2076	3.9%	3.9%	2.0%
2077+	3.8%	3.8%	2.0%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 17: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.53%. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-bond municipal bond index for bonds that mature in 20 years. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with generational mortality adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of a 2020 PERSI Investigation of Experience Study.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	4,085,445	
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		354,448 112,329 64,791	
Expected benefit payments		(329,739)	
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	4,287,274	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and health-care cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			ecrease Curi .27%) R		 1% Increase (3.27%)	
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB liability	\$	4,556,409	\$	4,287,274	\$ 4,026,577	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Current Trend					
	19	1% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase	
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB liability	\$	3,827,514	\$	4,287,274	\$	4,828,621

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

### NOTE 17: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONCLUDED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$137,038 At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions and other	\$ -	\$	73,368
inputs	 1,035,930		
Total	\$ 1,035,930	\$	73,368

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:	 2018	2019		2020		 2021
2019	\$ 43,533	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
2020	43,533		9,115		-	-
2021	43,533		9,115		12,556	-
2022	43,533		9,115		12,556	4,971
2023	43,533		9,115		12,556	4,971
Thereafter	387,078		83,153		135,747	54,849

### **NOTE 18: CONTINGENCIES**

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audit pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District may be involved is various lawsuits in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the School District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

# **NOTE 19: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 29, 2021 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued

# FINANCIAL SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GASB 68 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Schedule of Employers's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years \*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	1.5144252%	1.4369041%	1.4570839%	1.4417745%	1.4552038%	1.4665938%	1.4950932%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 35,166,956	\$ 16,401,860	\$ 21,492,242	\$ 22,662,219	\$ 29,499,216	\$ 19,312,655	\$ 11,006,226
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 56,841,617	\$ 53,740,146	\$ 48,725,445	\$ 46,877,871	\$ 44,956,060	\$ 42,741,334	\$ 40,411,552
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage							
of its covered employee payroll	61.87%	30.52%	44.11%	48.34%	65.62%	45.18%	27.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.22%	93.79%	91.69%	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years \*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 6,787,222	\$ 6,416,559	\$ 5,515,720	\$ 5,306,811	\$ 5,089,026	\$ 4,838,319	\$ 4,650,130
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	6,787,222	6,416,559	5,515,720	5,306,811	5,089,026	4,838,319	4,650,130
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 56,841,617	\$ 53,740,146	\$ 48,725,445	\$ 46,877,871	\$ 44,956,060	\$ 42,741,334	\$ 41,079,210
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.94%	11.94%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

Data reported is reported as of June 30, 2021.

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

#### GASB 75 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Asset PERSI – OPEB Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years \*

PERSI - OPEB PLAN	2021	2020	2019	2018
Employer's portion of net the OPEB asset	3.4130052%	3.4434225%	3.4855851%	3.5154452%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 4,202,453	\$ 3,298,124	\$ 2,891,117	\$ 2,698,559
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$56,841,617	\$53,740,146	\$48,725,445	\$46,877,871
Employer's proportional share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage	7.39%	6.14%	5.93%	5.76%
of its covered-employee payroll				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Asset	152.87%	138.51%	135.69%	136.78%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI – OPEB Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years \*

	2021			2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	-	\$	229,563	\$	565,277	\$	543,819
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		-		229,563		565,277		543,819
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	56,	841,617	5	3,740,146	48	8,725,445	46	6,877,871
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.43%		1.16%		1.16%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021.

#### GASB 75 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

#### Last 10 - Fiscal Years \*

Total OPEB Liability	2021		2020	2019		2018
Service cost	\$ 354,448	\$	243,813	\$	243,446	\$ 221,001
Interest on total OPEB liability	112,329		137,178		129,730	116,066
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-	-
Differences in experience	-		28,383		-	(101,751)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	-		-		-	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	64,791		145,032		119,613	706,494
Expected benefit payments	(329,739)		(267,471)		(280,185)	(245,586)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 201,829		286,935		212,604	 696,224
Total OPEB liability, beginning	4,085,445		3,798,510		3,585,906	2,889,682
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 4,287,274	\$	4,085,445	\$	3,798,510	\$ 3,585,906
Covered employee payroll	\$ 56,841,617	\$	53,740,146	\$	48,725,445	\$ 46,877,871
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered employee payroll	7.54%		7.60%		7.80%	7.65%

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budgeted Amounts*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 20,200,000	\$ 20,603,226	\$ 403,226
Interest income	200,000	69,593	(130,407)
Other local revenue	280,000	156,771	(123,229)
State assistance and reimbursements	58,823,647	56,313,752	(2,509,895)
Title programs and other federal revenues	1,695,000		(1,695,000)
Total revenues	81,198,647	77,143,342	(4,055,305)
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	21,391,084	19,850,242	1,540,842
Secondary programs	16,268,767	17,405,137	(1,136,370)
Alternative school programs	1,194,643	1,011,463	183,180
Exceptional child programs	9,293,271	8,873,786	419,485
Activity programs	1,083,304	1,215,831	(132,527)
Summer program	65,734	30,198	35,536
Detention center program	219,224	217,722	1,502
Total instructional services	49,516,027	48,604,379	911,648
Support services:			
Pupil support	5,954,719	5,930,301	24,418
General administration	3,039,043	2,840,132	198,911
School administration	6,498,990	6,889,326	(390,336)
Business operations	1,701,649	1,512,804	188,845
Maintenance	6,865,945	6,950,888	(84,943)
Transportation	3,144,651	3,086,383	58,268
Security	746,579	832,342	(85,763)
Other support services	1,842,075	1,811,588	30,487
Total support services	29,793,651	29,853,764	(60,113)
Capital outlay	355,750	90,513	265,237
Contingency reserve	4,049,932		4,049,932
Total expenditures	83,715,360	78,548,656	5,166,704
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)			
over expenditures	(2,516,713)	(1,405,314)	1,111,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	300,000	299,109	(891)
Transfers (out)	(640,600)	(786,787)	(146,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(340,600)	(487,678)	(147,078)
Net change in fund balances	(2,857,313)	(1,892,992)	964,321
Fund balances - beginning	5,500,210	6,389,094	888,884
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,642,897	\$ 4,496,102	\$ 1,853,205

<sup>\*</sup>Budget was not amended

# CHILD NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budgeted Amounts*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES				
Other local revenue	\$ 1,099,200	\$ 96,086	\$ (1,003,114)	
Title programs and other federal revenues	2,536,100	3,712,106	1,176,006	
Total revenues	3,635,300	3,808,192	172,892	
EXPENDITURES  Non-instructional services:  Food services	3,698,300	3,436,631	261,669	
Total non-instructional services	3,698,300	3,436,631	261,669	
Capital outlay	3,800		(3,800)	
Total expenditures	3,702,100	3,436,631	265,469	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) over expenditures	(66,800)	371,561	438,361	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	86,700	87,295	595	
Transfers (out)	(70,000)	(38,684)	31,316	
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,700	48,611	31,911	
Net change in fund balances	(50,100)	420,172	470,272	
Fund balances - beginning	50,000	214,617	164,617	
Fund balances - ending	\$ (100)	\$ 634,789	\$ 634,889	

<sup>\*</sup>Budget was not amended

# TITLE I FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budgeted Amounts*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Title programs and other federal revenues	\$ 2,154,000	\$ 1,889,556	\$ (264,444)
Total revenues	2,154,000	1,889,556	(264,444)
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	1,654,000	1,404,085	249,915
Secondary programs		2,025	(2,025)
Alternative programs	117,000	116,815	185
Total instructional services	1,771,000	1,522,925	248,075
Support services:			
Pupil support	11,000	-	11,000
General administration	318,000	322,621	(4,621)
School administration	29,000	20	28,980
Total instructional services	358,000	322,641	35,359
Non-instructional services:			
Community services	11,000	14,648	(3,648)
Total instructional services	11,000	14,648	(3,648)
Total expenditures	2,140,000	1,860,214	279,7 <u>86</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)			
over expenditures	14,000	29,342	15,342
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers (out)	(40,000)	(29,342)	10,658
Total other financing sources (uses)	(40,000)	(29,342)	10,658
Net change in fund balances	(26,000)	-	26,000
Fund balances - beginning	300,000		(300,000)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 274,000	\$ -	\$ (274,000)

<sup>\*</sup>Budget was not amended

# FINANCIAL SECTION

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY FUND TYPE June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue	•			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,362,969	\$	3,052,429	\$	8,415,398		
Accounts receivable: State of Idaho		3,550,530		-		3,550,530		
Accounts receivable: Other receivable		306,408		-		306,408		
Prepaid expense		697		-		697		
Total assets	\$	9,220,604	\$	3,052,429	\$	12,273,033		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	333,719	\$	393,464	\$	727,183		
Accrued payroll and vacation benefits	Ψ	887,413	Ψ	-	Ψ	887,413		
Due to other funds		2,909,274		_		2,909,274		
Total liabilities		4,130,406		393,464		4,523,870		
Total habilities		1,100,100		000,101		1,020,010		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-special revenue		4,069		-		4,069		
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,069		-		4,069		
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		697		_		697		
Restricted		2,686,942		_		2,686,942		
Assigned		2,398,490		2,658,965		5,057,455		
Total fund balances		5,086,129		2,658,965		7,745,094		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,220,604	\$	3,052,429	\$	12,273,033		

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE

DEVENUES		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	•	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Other land and an arrangement of the second of th	Φ.	0.000.750	Φ.	0.040	Φ.	0.000.700
Other local revenue	\$	2,836,750	\$	3,013	\$	2,839,763
State assistance and reimbursements Title programs and other federal revenues		4,092,612 8,647,505		-		4,092,612 8,647,505
Total revenues		15,576,867		3,013		15,579,880
EXPENDITURES						
Instructional services:						
Elementary programs		3,037,046		-		3,037,046
Secondary programs		1,882,018		-		1,882,018
Alternative school program		291,445		-		291,445
Activity programs		84,388		-		84,388
Exceptional child program		3,540,494		-		3,540,494
Detention center		64,038		-		64,038
Total instructional expenditures		8,899,429		-		8,899,429
Support services:						
Pupil support		1,271,131		-		1,271,131
General administration		2,103,585		-		2,103,585
School administration		360,486		-		360,486
Business operations		151,425		-		151,425
Maintenance		330,422		-		330,422
Transportation		150,688		-		150,688
Security program		10,776		-		10,776
Student activity		1,251,659		-		1,251,659
Other support services		272,106		-		272,106
Total support services		5,902,278		-		5,902,278
Non-instructional services:						
Food services		39,988		-		39,988
Community services		992,778		=		992,778
Total non-instructional expenditures		1,032,766		=		1,032,766
Debt service:				00.040		00.040
Principal		-		88,213		88,213
Interest Total debt service		-		2,473 90,686		2,473 90,686
Capital outlay		283,957		526,039		809,996
Total expenditures		16,118,430		616,725		16,735,155
·				•		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(541,563)		(613,712)		(1,155,275)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds on sale of assets				1,520,485		1,520,485
Transfers in		438,067		640,940		1,079,007
Transfers (out)		(645,058)		040,940		(645,058)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(206,991)		2,161,425		1,954,434
Net change in fund balances		(748,554)		1,547,713		799,159
Fund balances - beginning		5,834,683		1,111,252		6,945,935
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,086,129	\$	2,658,965	\$	7,745,094

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	Forest Reserve Fund		Building Rental		IMEN Grant		School Plus Program	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,251	\$	14,592	\$	180	\$	391,627
Accounts receivable: State of Idaho		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable: Other receivable		-		27,325		-		-
Prepaid expense		-				-		
Total assets	\$	2,251	\$	41,917	\$	180	\$	391,627
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,251	\$	157	\$	180	\$	18,141
Accrued payroll and vacation benefits	•	-	·	_	•	-	·	22,871
Due to other funds		_		_		_		´-
Total liabilities		2,251		157		180		41,012
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-special revenue		_		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Restricted		-		-		-		-
		-		41,760		-		- 350,615
Assigned Total fund balances				41,760				
Total luliu palatices				41,700	-			350,615
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,251	\$	41,917	\$	180	\$	391,627

Miscellaneous Local Grants		E-Rate		Driver ducation	Classroom Technology		
						0,	
\$	246,015	\$	238,525	\$ 5,940	\$	68,494	
	-		-	23,600		-	
	15,839		-	-		-	
	1,268			 -		-	
\$	263,122	\$	238,525	\$ 29,540	\$	68,494	
						_	
\$	9,413	\$	94,170	\$ 1,625	\$	-	
	1,311		-	9,145		-	
				 -		-	
	10,724		94,170	 10,770		-	
						-	
				 -		-	
	1,268		-	-		-	
	251,130		-	18,770		-	
	-		144,355	-		68,494	
	252,398		144,355	18,770		68,494	
\$	263,122	\$	238,525	\$ 29,540	\$	68,494	

Vocational Education		Reading Assessment		State adership Awards	Advanced Opportunities		
\$	47,682	\$	157,006	\$ 10,395	\$	48,845	
	-		-	-		-	
	-		-	-		-	
	-		-	-		-	
\$	47,682	\$	157,006	\$ 10,395	\$	48,845	
\$	16,209	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	6,705		-	(6)		-	
			-	 -		-	
	22,914		-	 (6)		-	
	_		_	_		-	
	-		-	-		-	
				_			
	-		-	-		-	
	-		-	-		48,845	
	24,768		157,006	 10,401		40.045	
	24,768		157,006	 10,401		48,845	
\$	47,682	\$	157,006	\$ 10,395	\$	48,845	

Rei	Medicaid Reimbursement		Miscellaneous State Funds		omeless Grant	Title I-D		
\$	1,814,110	\$	371,927	\$	-	\$	_	
	338,419		-		31,343		73,109	
	-		-		-		-	
							-	
\$	2,152,529	\$	371,927	\$	31,343	\$	73,109	
	_				_		_	
\$	41,058	\$	15,152	\$	185	\$	4,981	
	336,464		138,956		2,744		6,113	
	-		-		28,414		62,015	
	377,522		154,108		31,343		73,109	
			_					
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	1,775,007		217,819		-		-	
			-		-		-	
	1,775,007		217,819		-		-	
\$	2,152,529	\$	371,927	\$	31,343	\$	73,109	

8	IDEA-B School Age	IDEA-B Preschool		 Carl Perkins		ofessional velopment
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	255,047
	1,170,286		67,783	-		-
	-		-	120,051		-
			-	 _		-
\$	1,170,286	\$	67,783	\$ 120,051	\$	255,047
\$	43,527	\$	1,394	\$ 35,678	\$	1,612
	288,674		10,049	442		-
	838,085		56,340	 22,852		-
	1,170,286		67,783	 58,972		1,612
	_		_	_		_
	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-
	-		-	61,079		253,435
	-		-	 -		-
				 61,079		253,435
\$	1,170,286	\$	67,783	\$ 120,051	\$	255,047

	Johnson O'Malley		Title II E.S.E.A.		ning Books ning Doors	Title IV-A Student Support		
\$	43,934	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Ψ	-	Ψ	145,508	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	
	_		140,000		30,000		113,193	
			(571)		00,000		110,100	
\$	43,934	\$	144,937	\$	30,000	\$	113,193	
	10,001	<u> </u>	111,007	<u> </u>	00,000	Ψ	110,100	
\$	_	\$	14,462	\$	1,300	\$	22,903	
Ψ	_	Ψ	18,856	Ψ	-	Ψ	22,500	
			111,619		28,700		90,290	
			144,937		30,000		113,193	
			144,557		30,000		113,193	
			(574)					
	40.004		(571)		-		-	
	43,934		571		-		-	
	-				-			
	43,934				-			
\$	43,934	\$	144,937	\$	30,000	\$	113,193	

ı	Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Activity Fund		ion-Based ull Day dergarten	ESSER I CARES Act		
\$	4,754	\$	1,691	\$	40,554	\$	_	
	23,161		-		-		1,665,356	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
\$	27,915	\$	1,691	\$	40,554	\$	1,665,356	
\$	626	\$	-	\$	2,333	\$	724	
	6,868		-		38,221		-	
			-		-		1,664,632	
	7,494		-		40,554		1,665,356	
	4,069		-					
	4,069		-				-	
	- -		-		-		-	
	16,352		-		-		-	
			1,691					
	16,352		1,691					
\$	27,915	\$	1,691	\$	40,554	\$	1,665,356	

		Go	overnor's			
	SSER III	Lea	rning Loss		Student	
CA	RES Act		Grant		Activity	 Total
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,599,400		\$ 5,362,969
	1,893		10,072		-	3,550,530
	-		-		-	306,408
	-		-		-	697
\$	1,893	\$	10,072	\$	1,599,400	\$ 9,220,604
\$	-	\$	5,638	\$	-	\$ 333,719
	-		-		-	887,413
	1,893		4,434		-	2,909,274
	1,893		10,072		-	4,130,406
	-		-		-	4,069
	-		-		-	4,069
	-		-		-	697
	-		-		-	2,686,942
	-		-		1,599,400	2,398,490
	-		-		1,599,400	5,086,129
\$	1,893	\$	10,072	\$	1,599,400	\$ 9,220,604

# NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	orest rve Fund	uilding Rental	IMEN Grant
REVENUES			
Other local revenue	\$ -	\$ 15,605	\$ -
State assistance and reimbursements	-	=	-
Title programs and other federal revenues	 44,771	 45.005	 -
Total revenues	 44,771	 15,605	 
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	-	-	-
Secondary programs	-	-	-
Alternative school program	-	-	-
Activity programs	-	-	-
Exceptional child program	-	-	=
Detention center	 -	 -	 
Total instructional services	 	 -	 -
Support services:			
Pupil support	-	-	-
General administration	-	-	-
School administration	-	-	-
Business operations	-	-	-
Maintenance	-	8,790	-
Transportation	-	-	-
Security program	-	-	-
Student activity	-	-	=
Other support services	 -	 0.700	 
Total support services	 	 8,790	 
Non-instructional services:			
Food services	-	-	
Community services	 	 	 
Total non-instructional services	 -	 -	 -
Capital outlay	 -	 238,809	 
Total expenditures	 	 247,599	 
Excess (deficiency) revenues over (under) expenditures	 44,771	 (231,994)	 
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	-	7,099
Transfers (out)	 (44,771)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (44,771)	 -	 7,099
Net change in fund balances	_	(231,994)	7,099
Fund balances - beginning	_	273,754	(7,099)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 	\$ 41,760	\$ -
ŭ		 	 

	School Plus Program	Miscellaneous Local Grants				Driver Education		Classroom Technology	
\$	589,269 -	\$	377,152 -	\$	220,600 -	\$	30,250 23,475	\$	97,349 746,608
_	418,530 1,007,799		4,879 382,031		220,600		53,725		843,957
	1,007,799		302,031		220,000		55,725		043,937
	56,539		140,050		-		-		-
	-		86,894		-		86,957		-
	=		392		=		-		=
	-		57,970		-		-		=
	-		4,503		=		-		-
	56,539		289,809	-			86,957		
_	00,000		200,000				00,007		
	-		2,814		-		-		-
	-		6,538		-		-		971,175
	-		8,376		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	574		-		-		-		-
	307		11,387		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	_		559		109,190		_		112,354
	881		29,674		109,190		-		1,083,529
							,		
	-		_		_		_		_
	852,841		906		-		_		-
	852,841		906		-		-		-
	<u> </u>		16,704		9,989				
	910,261		337,093		119,179		86,957		1,083,529
	97,538		44,938		101,421		(33,232)		(239,572)
	- (100,000)		9,883 (6,450)		-		-		179,995
_	(100,000)		3,433	-					179,995
	(2,462)		48,371		101,421		(33,232)		(59,577)
	353,077		204,027		42,934		52,002		128,071
\$	350,615	\$	252,398	\$	144,355	\$	18,770	\$	68,494

Vocational Education	Reading Assessment	State Leadership Awards	Advanced Opportunities	Medicaid Reimbursement
\$ - 121,172	\$ -	\$ - 654,005	\$ - 36,503	\$ - 1,326,844
121,172	- <del></del>	654,005	36,503	1,326,844
- 111,677	-	311,569 268,609	- 41,426	<u>-</u>
21,159	-	64,572	-	- -
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,388	<u>-</u>	1,351,318 
132,836		647,138	41,426	1,351,318
- 2,255	-	- 7,628	-	490,504 -
- -	-	- -	-	20,092 129,150
-	-	-	-	5,254 -
- -	-	- -	- -	- -
2,255	- <del></del>	7,628		645,000
-	-	-	-	-
	- <del></del>	- <del></del>	<del></del>	
	<u>-</u>			
135,091	. <u>-</u>	654,766	41,426	1,996,318
(13,919)	<u> </u>	(761)	(4,923)	(669,474)
- -	- -	- 	<u>-</u>	(66) (66)
(13,919) 38,687 \$ 24,768	157,006 \$ 157,006	(761) 11,162 \$ 10,401	(4,923) 53,768 \$ 48,845	(669,540) 2,444,547 \$ 1,775,007

Miscellaneous State Funds	Homeless Grant	Title I-D	IDEA-B School Age	IDEA-B Preschool	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <del>-</del>	
1,184,005	-	-	-	-	
- 4 404 005	45,463	116,242	1,804,070	67,783	
1,184,005	45,463	116,242	1,804,070	67,783	
665,438	-	-	-	-	
-	360	-	-	-	
-	-	56,185	-	-	
-	-	-	- 1,689,776	- 66,561	
-	-	58,062	1,009,770	00,501	
665,438	360	114,247	1,689,776	66,561	
000,100		,211	1,000,110		
004.044	0.054		70.004		
284,241	3,251	=	73,834	=	
14,719	30,204	-	2,673	-	
-	-	-	- 749	-	
-	-	-	749	-	
4,057	4,338	-	-	-	
-,037	-,550	_	_	_	
_	_	_	_	_	
_	_	_	-	_	
303,017	37,793		77,256		
_	_	-	-	_	
			F 470		
<del></del>	6,575		5,470		
968,455	44,728	114,247	1,772,502	66,561	
215,550	735	1,995	31,568	1,222	
-	-	-	820	-	
(233,980)	(735)	(1,995)	(32,388)	(1,222)	
(233,980)	(735)	(1,995)	(31,568)	(1,222)	
(18,430)	-	-	-	-	
236,249	-	=	-	-	
\$ 217,819	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

Carl Perkins			essional lopment		hnson 'Malley	 Title II E.S.E.A.		ng Books ng Doors
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	30,000
	- 120,051		-		- 14,629	- 228,555		-
	120,051			-	14,629	 228,555		30,000
	·					<u> </u>		
	-		-		3,169	120		-
	58,742		-		140	-		-
	9,959		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	68,701		<u> </u>		3,309	 120		
					0,000			
	-		-		-	-		-
	7,739		101,814		400	224,340		64,816
	-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	=		=		=	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	7,739		101,814		400	 224,340		64,816
			,					
	-					-		-
	<del>-</del>					 		
-	<u>-</u>					 		
	76,440		101,814		3,709	224,460		64,816
	43,611		(101,814)		10,920	4,095		(34,816)
								2 624
	-		-		-	- (4 005)		3,631
	-				-	(4,095) (4,095)		3,631
	43,611	-	(101,814)		10,920	-		(31,185)
	17,468		355,249		33,014	 -	-	31,185
\$	61,079	\$	253,435	\$	43,934	\$ -	\$	

Title IV-A Student Support		Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Activity Fund		Tuition-Based Full Day Kindergarten		ESSER I CARES Act	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	617	\$	-	\$	-	
-		-		-		-		-	
 147,965		40,394				-		1,665,356	
 147,965		40,394		617				1,665,356	
38,098		27,207		-		251,747		696,432	
1,656		6,340		-		-		604,198	
-		-		-		-		100,430	
-		-		-		-		20,318	
-		-		-		-		(2,469)	
39,754		33,547		-		251,747	_	1,418,909	
		133		_				101 027	
99,233		6,792		- 464		_		191,927 4,838	
-		-		-		- -		6,562	
-		-		_		_		-	
_		_		-		-		-	
6,327		-		-		-		-	
=		-		-		-		-	
=		=		-		-		-	
- 405 500		- 0.005		-					
105,560		6,925		464		-		203,327	
-		-		-		-		-	
 -		-		-		-		-	
 -	-	-		-					
 - 445.044		40.470		-				6,410	
 145,314		40,472		464		251,747		1,628,646	
 2,651	-	(78)		153		(251,747)		36,710	
-		-		=		235,284		-	
 (2,651)		-						(36,710)	
 (2,651)						235,284		(36,710)	
-		(78)		153		(16,463)		-	
 _		16,430		1,538		16,463		-	
\$ -	\$	16,352	\$	1,691	\$		\$	-	

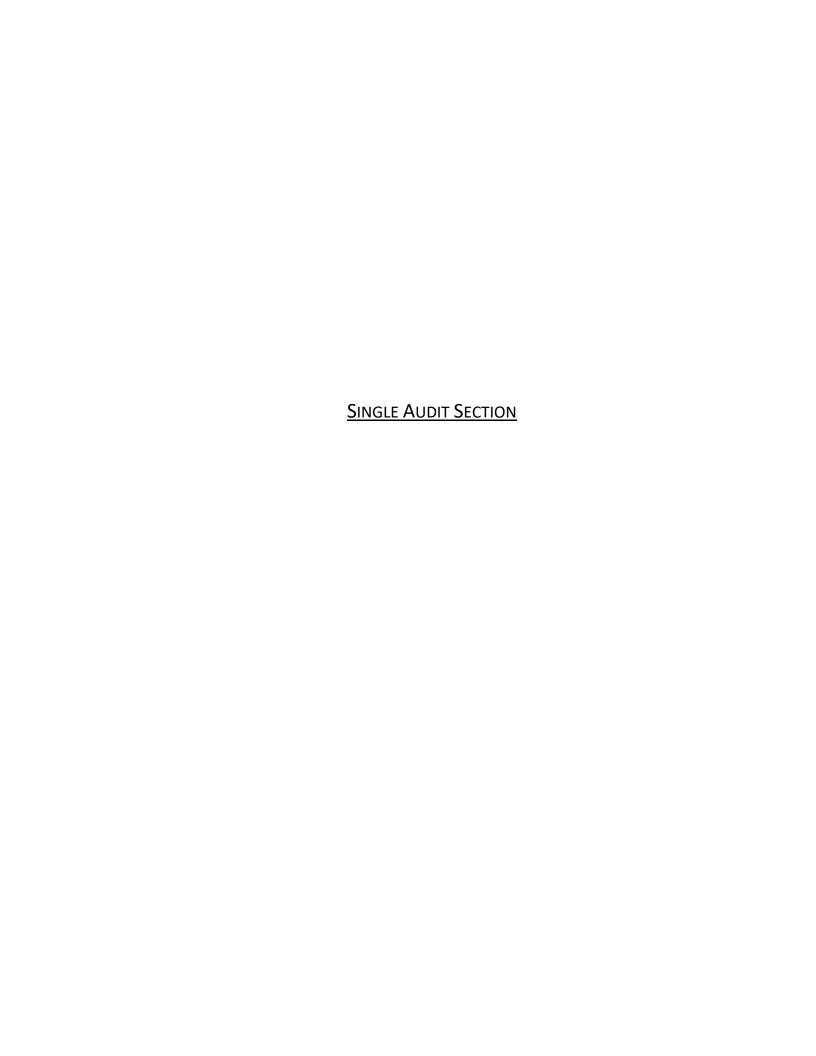
		Coronavirus			
	SER III RES Act	Relief Fund		Student Activity	Total
CAI	NES ACI	Fullu		Activity	Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,475,908	\$ 2,836,750
	-	=		-	4,092,612
	1,893	3,926,924			8,647,505
	1,893	3,926,924		1,475,908	15,576,867
	-	846,677		-	3,037,046
	-	615,019		-	1,882,018
	-	38,748		-	291,445
	-	6,100		-	84,388
	-	430,805		-	3,540,494
		3,588			64,038
		1,940,937			8,899,429
	-	224,427		-	1,271,131
	-	557,957		=	2,103,585
	-	325,456		=	360,486
	-	21,526		-	151,425
	-	315,804		-	330,422
	1,893	122,379		=	150,688
	-	10,776		-	10,776
	-	-		1,251,659	1,251,659
	-	50,003			272,106
	1,893	1,628,328		1,251,659	5,902,278
	-	39,988		-	39,988
		139,031		-	992,778
	-	179,019			1,032,766
					283,957
	1,893	3,748,284		1,251,659	16,118,430
	-	178,640		224,249	(541,563)
	-	1,355		-	438,067
		(179,995)			(645,058)
		(178,640)		-	(206,991)
	-	-	224,249		(748,554)
			_	1,375,151	5,834,683
\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,599,400	\$ 5,086,129

#### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	Bus Depreciation Fund #424		Local Building Fund #429		Plant Facility Fund #430		Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,051,583	\$	1,851,182	\$	149,664	\$	3,052,429
Total assets	\$	1,051,583	\$	1,851,182	\$	149,664	\$	3,052,429
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	393,464 393,464	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	393,464 393,464
FUND BALANCES								
Assigned		658,119		1,851,182		149,664		2,658,965
Total fund balances		658,119		1,851,182		149,664		2,658,965
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,051,583	\$	1,851,182	\$	149,664	\$	3,052,429

# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bus Depreciation Fund #424		Local Building Fund #429		Plant Facility Fund #430		Total	
REVENUES:								
Other local revenue	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	2,013	\$	3,013
Total revenues		-		1,000		2,013		3,013
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal		88,213		-		-		88,213
Interest		2,473		-		-		2,473
Capital outlay		393,464		132,575		-		526,039
Total expenditures		484,150		132,575		-		616,725
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)								
over expenditures		(484,150)		(131,575)		2,013		(613,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds on sale of asset		-		1,520,485		-		1,520,485
Transfers in		640,940				-		640,940
Total other financing sources (uses)		640,940		1,520,485				2,161,425
Net change in fund balances		156,790		1,388,910		2,013		1,547,713
Fund balances - beginning	_	501,329		462,272		147,651		1,111,252
Fund balances - ending	\$	658,119	\$	1,851,182	\$	149,664	\$	2,658,965





## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A. Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

October 29, 2021



### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONCLUDED)

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

October 29, 2021

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Direct Award Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Federal Forest Funds - Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665		\$ 44,771
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.559	826000811 00 826000811 00	207,830 3,226,175 3,434,005
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable	10.582	826000811 00	41,310
Total Department of Agriculture			3,520,086
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
State Library Program National Endowment for the Arts	45.310 45.025	826000811 00 826000811 00	500 4,879
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			5,379
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR:			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
477 Cluster Indian Education Assistance to Schools Child Care and Development Block Grant	15.130 93.575	826000811 00 826000811 00	3,709 418,530
Total Department of the Interior			422,239
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Award			
Indian Education Formula Grants	84.306		27,128
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies School Improvement Grants IDEA-B Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States	84.010 84.377 84.027	826000811 00 826000811 00 826000811 00	2,005,798 13,344 1,804,890
Special Education Preschool Grants IDEA-B Special Education Cluster:	84.173	826000811 00	67,783 1,872,673
State Activities - Education of Homeless Carl D. Perkins - Vocational Education Basic Grants	84.196	826000811 00	45,463
to States	84.048	826000811 00	76,440
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	826000811 00	228,555
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid,	84.424	826000811 00	147,965
Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES)	84.425	826000811 00	1,667,249 6,057,487
Total Department of Education			6,084,615
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	826000811 00	3,928,279
Total Department of Treasury			3,928,279
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 13,955,219

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271.

#### NOTE B: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE C: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District had received food commodities totaling \$207,830.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified						
Internal control over financial reporting:						
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li></ul>	Yes	XNo				
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)</li> <li>Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?</li> </ul>	Yes Yes	X None Reported X No				
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		X None Reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major pr	ograms: Unqualified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	XNo				
Identification of major programs:						
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Progr	am or Cluster				
84.425	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund					
21.019	Coronavirus Relief fund					
84.027 84.173	IDEA-B Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and ty	pe B programs: \$750,0	00				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No				

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### <u>Section II. - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards</u>

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

#### Section III. - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

#### Section IV. - Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings Relating to Federal Awards

There were no findings relating to prior year audit findings relating to federal awards in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.